

Inserção de Renováveis

Consumidor

Empoderado

Novas Soluções

Tecnológicas 1/

POWER SECTOR MODERNIZATION

Agnes M. da Costa Ministry of Mines and Energy, Brazil



Power Sector – Key Features

> 230 kV.

POWER GENERATION (≅ 50% South America)

167.9 GW **INSTALLED CAPACITY** \checkmark As to Nov. 2019 *No imports considered 154,100 km TRASMISSION LINES 100% As to Aug. 2019 56% 84.6 million 50% **METER POINTS** 44% 561,000 GWh 0%

Sept. 18 -Aug.

MODERNIZAÇÃO DO SETOR ELÉTRICO

Brazil has one of the cleanest energy mixes in the world. In 2027, the stake of renewable energy supply will reach 48%.

10%
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Source: Table A-1, p. 316. PDE 2029



(Source: EPE, PDE 2019 / Ministério da Economia 2018). PDE 2029, pg. 290

(Source: EPE, 2019)



- Massive integration of variable renewables: Wind and Solar PV getting cheaper and cheaper... and driving demand for transmission, storage and flexible generation such as hydro reservoirs and gas-fired power plants
- ✓ Increasing role of Distributed Energy Resources: Distributed Generation (DG), energy storage, electric vehicles / recharging station, energy efficiency, demand-side management
- Digitalization: increasing complexity
- Profusion of technological solutions and new innovative business models: Schumpeter's creative destruction is alive, challenging competitive markets and even natural monopolies like distribution utilities
- Sector coupling: transport, industry, telecommunications, electrification, gas...

Flexibility is the key

"The means to achieve a flexible electricity system require adaptation of market signals and arrangements and regulatory framework"



- More uncertainty: the world is more complex and interconnected, harder to model and predict
- More data: untapping potential for efficiency gains, but how to share these gains and governance/privacy issues are challenging
- Disruptive changes: strucutural transformation will come, but we don't really know when, where from and we cannot model
- Decentralization of investment decisions: command and control is not an option, markets and economic incentives for system optimal to be desgined
- Digitalization and automation of energy transactions (DER) and system operation: markets reshaped completely and cybersecurity issues
- Infrastrucutures and sectors more integrated: transport, industry, telecommunications, electrification, hydrogen...

Where does the need to modernize in Brazil come from?

- Technological evolution
- Changes in the energy mix (↑ non-controllable renewables + ↓ hydropower with storage capacity)





- Regulated environment (captive consumers) paying alone for system security and reliability
- There is a demand for a more active role to be played by consumers

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The Working Group for the Modernization of the Power Sector





* With participation of more than **1,500** professionals and intersted agents



Goal

MODERNÎZAÇÃO DO SETOR ELÉTRICO

"To supply energy to consumers through competition, praising for the sustainability of expansion, with the promotion of market opening and of efficient allocation of costs and risks."

To adjust the expansion of energy supply to new **supply criteria** To differentiate energy from the other system requirements enables a best allocation of the expansion costs

MODERNÎZAÇÃO DO

An orderly market opening is important to accommodate new businesses and technologies

Rationalizing charges and subsidies will lead to a reduction of inefficient investments

To correct **price signals** is a task with multiple evolution stages





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